

# <NAME OF YOUR PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT/MAJOR OR MINOR>

# ASSESSMENT REPORT ACADEMIC YEAR 2017 – 2018

**REPORT DUE DATE: 10/26/2018** 

Who should submit the report? – All majors, minors (including interdisciplinary minors), graduate and non-degree granting certificate programs of the College of Arts and Sciences. Programs can combine assessment reports for a major and a minor program into one aggregate report as long as the mission statements, program learning outcome(s) evaluated, methodology applied to each, and the results are clearly delineated.

**Note**: Dear Colleagues: In an effort to produce a more streamlined and less repetitive assessment report format, we are piloting this modified template for the present annual assessment cycle. We are requesting an assessment report that would not exceed eight pages of text. Supporting materials may be appended. We will be soliciting your feedback on the report as we attempt to make it more user-friendly.

#### Some useful contacts:

- 1. Prof. Alexandra Amati, FDCD, Arts adamati@usfca.edu
- 2. Prof. John Lendvay, FDCD, Sciences lendvay@usfca.edu
- 3. Prof. Mark Meritt, FDCD, Humanities meritt@usfca.edu
- 4. Prof. Michael Jonas, FDCD, Social Sciences mrjonas@usfca.edu
- 5. Prof. Suparna Chakraborty, AD Academic Effectiveness <a href="mailto:schakraborty2@usfca.edu">schakraborty2@usfca.edu</a>
- 6. Ms. Corie Schwabenland, Academic Data & Assessment Specialist- ceschwabenland@usfca.edu

## Academic Effectiveness Annual Assessment Resource Page:

https://myusf.usfca.edu/arts-sciences/faculty-resources/academic-effectiveness/assessment

Email to submit the report: <a href="mailto:assessment\_cas@usfca.edu">assessment\_cas@usfca.edu</a>

Important: Please write the name of your program or department in the subject line.

For example: FineArts\_Major (if you decide to submit a separate report for major and minor);

FineArts\_Aggregate (when submitting an aggregate report)

#### I. LOGISTICS & PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES

1. Please indicate the name and email of the program contact person to whom feedback should be sent (usually Chair, Program Director, or Faculty Assessment Coordinator).

Karen Fraser (<a href="mailto:kfraser2@usfca.edu">kfraser2@usfca.edu</a>), Faculty Assessment Coordinator for ARTM Kate Lusheck (<a href="mailto:kfraser2@usfca.edu">kfraser2@usfca.edu</a>), ARTM Program Director

\*\*PLEASE NOTE: Due to the very low number of ARTM minors, we will assess the minor on a 3 year cycle, with the next submission in Fall 2020.

2. Were any changes made to the program mission statement since the last assessment cycle in October 2017? Kindly state "Yes" or "No." Please provide the current mission statement below. If you are submitting an aggregate report, please provide the current mission statements of both the major and the minor program.

Yes (we did not have a mission statement separate from A+A in last cycle):

The ARTM mission is to train students in the history, visual literacy, critical thinking, research, and communication skills necessary to become ethical, forward-thinking leaders in the art world and beyond.

3. Were any changes made to the program learning outcomes (PLOs) since the last assessment cycle in October 2017? Kindly state "Yes" or "No." Please provide the current PLOs below. If you are submitting an aggregate report, please provide the current PLOs for both the major and the minor programs. Note: Major revisions in the program learning outcomes need to go through the College Curriculum Committee (contact: Professor Joshua Gamson, gamson@usfca.edu). Minor editorial changes are not required to go through the College Curriculum Committee.

Yes: we are about to submit revised PLOs. We realized it was problematic for us to assess the old PLO #2, so we merged the former PLO 1 and 2 into a single more effective PLO.

#### New PLOs:

- 1. Analyze a broad range of works of visual art and architecture in their aesthetic, historical, and/or cultural contexts.
- 2. Develop persuasive art historical arguments in oral or written form using common disciplinary methodologies.
- 3. Articulate critical roles that arts institutions can play in considering ethical issues and effecting positive social change.

#### **Former PLOs:**

- 1. Analyze a broad range of works of visual art and architecture in their historical and cultural contexts.
- 2. Create original works of art based on an understanding of basic visual principles and concepts.
- 3. Develop persuasive art historical arguments in oral and written form using common disciplinary methodologies.
- 4. Articulate critical roles that arts institutions can play in considering ethical issues and effecting positive social change.
  - 4. Which particular Program Learning Outcome(s) did you assess for the academic year 2017-2018?
- **PLO 2.** Develop persuasive art historical arguments in oral or written form using common disciplinary methodologies.

#### II. METHODOLOGY

5. Describe the methodology that you used to assess the PLO(s).
For example, "the department used questions that were inputted in the final examination pertaining directly to the <said PLO>. An independent group of faculty (not teaching the course) then evaluated the responses to the questions and gave the students a grade for responses to those questions."
Important: Please attach, at the end of this report, a copy of the rubric used for assessment.

The method used was direct assessment of student work. Faculty evaluated assignments completed by ARTM majors from four different classes, one introductory; two intermediate; and one advanced level. The classes and assignments were:

 ART 101/Survey of Western Art I (Introductory): A paper requiring correct application and analysis of field-specific terminology (7 papers)

- ART 214/Islamic Art (Intermediate): An exam essay question requiring students to engage in contextual and formal analysis (4 essays)
- ART 307/Asian Art (Intermediate): An exam comparison essay question requiring students to engage in contextual and formal analysis (6 essays)
- ART 352/East-West Encounters (Advanced): A formal research paper (6 papers)

(\*\*Two intermediate classes were chosen to evaluate the Intermediate level as the course initially designated, ART 214, had only 4 student exams to evaluate). Evaluators included faculty teaching the course and faculty who did not teach the course.

#### III. RESULTS & MAJOR FINDINGS

6. What are the major takeaways from your assessment exercise?

This section is for you to highlight the results of the exercise. Pertinent information here would include:

- a. how well students mastered the outcome at the level they were intended to,
- b. any trends noticed over the past few assessment cycles, and
- the levels at which students mastered the outcome based on the rubric used.
   To address this, among many other options, one option is to use a table showing the distribution, for example:

Outcomes Across All Levels	Percentage of Students
Mastery	30.5%
Competence	56.5%
Developing	13%
Beginning	0%

Summaries of overall results are as follows:

- At the Introductory level (ART 101):
  - o Developing: 14%
  - Competent: 86%
- At the Intermediate level (ART 214, ART 307):
  - Developing: 20%
  - o Competent: 50%
  - o Mastery: 30%
- At the Advanced level (ART 352):

Competent: 33%Mastery: 67%

The results for this year's assessment seem to be consistent with last year's results in indicating that the students are generally learning the breadth and depth of skills, subject knowledge, and methods of analysis that our program is aiming to teach them. At the introductory level they are successfully acquiring the ability to use disciplinary terminology to describe and analyze specific works of art, effectively using the method of formal analysis. At the intermediate level they are expanding that knowledge and applying it to contexts outside the western tradition, with fully half doing this at a "Competent" level. The students who performed at a level of "Mastery" at the Intermediate course level tended to be graduating seniors, so it is not unexpected that their analyses would be more sophisticated than the students taking those courses on the intended timeline of sophomore or early junior year. At the advanced level students (mostly seniors) are engaging in significant research projects and are successfully producing sophisticated methodological analyses of works of art that draw on visual and textual materials. At each level the students are performing at or above expectations. Our data set is small, as we don't have that many students, and that provides something of a challenge.

#### IV. CLOSING THE LOOP

7. Based on your results, what changes/modifications are you planning in order to achieve the desired level of mastery in the assessed learning outcome? This section could also address more long-term planning that your department/program is considering and does not require that any changes need to be implemented in the next academic year itself.

We have several issues to try and address in the coming year. One is that we have not actually discussed the levels we are hoping to achieve across these different courses. It would be beneficial to come to a consensus about whether we are expecting "Mastery" or "Competence" for most students at the Intermediate and Advanced level classes in particular. A second issue is to try to have more consistency in the types of assignments required by different faculty especially at the Introductory and Intermediate levels (where we have a number of adjunct faculty, too), to ensure that we have a consistent scaffolding of assignments and skills that is serving our students well. In general our biggest challenge is in our small student numbers. Though our program enrollment is stable, many students deviate from the order of classes we envision, due to a combination of factors: coming in with test credits, transferring in from other universities, changing to the major (somewhat late), and taking classes abroad, which are often not as rigorous as ours. So we plan to engage in discussion to try to address some of the issues arising from this set of challenges. We also expect to continue to refine our PLOs and our assessment rubrics.

8. What were the most important suggestions/feedback from the FDCD on your last assessment report (for academic year 2016-2017, submitted in October 2017)? How did you incorporate or address the suggestion(s) in this report?

The most useful feedback was clarification regarding how to improve the rubric used, which we were able to apply for this year's rubric.

We were somewhat confused by this part of the feedback: "However, you are assessing courses that deal with the PLO at all levels, from introductory to mastery, and that will lead to lower results than if you were just assessing the outcome, as in what students leaving the program leave with. In other words, if you are interested in seeing the development of the students (which is a perfectly appropriate thing to do) then this is the way to go. You might also try to only assess the outcome with the various courses where the PLO is mastered, and perhaps retool in part the rubric (see below) so that you list on the first column the level at which the ideal student would be at the end," as we understood that what we are supposed to be assessing is precisely the outcome. So we'd love clarification if that is also part of the feedback received this year.

## ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

Rubric for ARTM PLO 2: Develop persuasive art historical arguments in oral or written form using common disciplinary methodologies.

	SVICENCE			
	synthesis of appropriate evidence		HUIGUIOHO	
	bus , sisylans, notisulate, and	analysis presented	been chosen to fit the desired conclusion	unsupported, or inconsistent
	logical, emerges from informed	bns viiupni sbnoqser bns mort	logical because information has	ambiguous, illogical,
	Conclusion is sophisticated and	Conclusion is more complex, arises	Conclusion is general, or is	
		sezire yeldmon enom zi goizulago.)	2i no lengan si noisulano.	Conclusion is absent or is
	parcence, amerences, similarities		001111011100	
	patterns, differences,	CONTINUE	Similarities	Honoroidionii
	tuode anoiteviedo lutideiani	similarities	important patterns, differences,	interpretation
	analyzes evidence to reveal	reveal key patterns, differences,	but doesn't effectively consider	evidence with minimal
bns siaylsnA	Effectively organizes and	of earlines early and analyzes evidence to	Lists and organizes evidence,	Misses evidence, or lists
	or too Briming do Brimina			
	writing/speaking style			
	organized information, clear	ianani ia aaila-baa	Of ideas	
	effective transitions, well	Sequence of ideas.	adjustments could improve flow	oponi io moli io oifoi ili olilio
	thesis and purpose, with fully	bne and income transitions and	simple thesis or purpose, some	seath to volue or flow of ideas
	speech effectively supports	mostly supports thesis or proces,	sbeech adequately supports a	and writing or speech, abrupt
	To griffing or noisezinegrO	Organization and writing or speech	no gnitinw bne noitezinegvO	Weak or unclear organization
	accurate citation style)	(		
	and info requiring citation,	citation, and accurate citation style)	/	
	peţweeu common knowledge	knowledge and info requiring	makes consistent errors)	
	guidalinguishing	distinguishing between common	uses specific citation style but	
	use of paraphrasing and direct	paraphrasing and direct quotations,	cite information appropriately;	
	complete citations (appropriate	errors (mostly appropriate use of	ot nadw bns wod dziugnitzib	
	and analysis; uses accurate &	correct use of citations with minor	citations (may struggle to	
	a comprehensive interpretation	ynthesis of information; mostly	sssumptions; limited use of	,
	viewpoint of sources; develops	incorporates analysis and/or	source, information, or	accurately cite information
	from various sources; questions	berspectives or approaches;	noitseup ton seob ;sisylens	or analysis; does not
	noitemnotni ntqəb-ni səsylene	sonrces; acknowledges varying	no noises pretation or	info without any interpretation
	Synthesizes, evaluates, and	Presents information from relevant	Presents relevant info with	Presents irrelevant info, uses
	thesis or idea			
	convincingly supports a core	or idea	noitstarquatri sti rot augus	
	logical, and coherent argument,	argument, supporting a core thesis	but struggles to effectively	0
Argumentation A	Effectively develops a strong,	Effectively develops a main	States a main idea or thesis,	Fails to present an argument
	manner	application and analysis	11	<b>'</b> 0
	interpret the topic in a complex	htqəb-ni ərom mort ifibnəd	about applicable use	methodology
	understand, analyze, and	interpretation of the topic; may	reveals some incorrect notions	errors in applying the
	applying it correctly to fully	an acceptable, error-free	analysis, and interpretation	significant oversights or
	methodology, effectively	methodology, applying it to develop	methodology, but application,	methodology, or has
Methodology	Utilizes a standard art historical	Utilizes a standard art historical	Utilizes a standard art historical	Does not use a standard
	aidas la asaadaa surasuuses			
	significant aspects of topic		المنا محمد المساهم	explanation
	comprehensively, addresses	tnamageable for the assignment	aspects not explained	not stated or stated w/o
	topic or issue, described	described, scope is focused and	some ambiguity, relevant	effectively addressed; issue
	Clear, focused, manageable	bris batets si oigot no ausel	lssue or topic stated but with	Topic too general to be
PLO 2	Mastery	Competent	Developing	Beginning